

ANAPHYLAXIS POLICY



Help for non-English speakers

If you need help to understand the information in this policy, please contact the school on 51650600 or kurnai.co@education.vic.gov.au

PURPOSE

To explain to Kurnai College parents, carers, staff and students the processes and procedures in place to support students diagnosed as being at risk of suffering from anaphylaxis. This policy also ensures that Kurnai College is compliant with Ministerial Order 706 and the Department's guidelines for anaphylaxis management.

SCOPE

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including casual relief staff and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with anaphylaxis, or who may require emergency treatment for an anaphylactic reaction, and their parents and carers.

POLICY

School Statement

Kurnai College will fully comply with Ministerial Order 706 and the associated guidelines published by the Department of Education and Training.

Anaphylaxis

Anaphylaxis is a severe allergic reaction that occurs after exposure to an allergen. The most common allergens for school-aged children are nuts, eggs, cow's milk, fish, shellfish, wheat, soy, sesame, latex, certain insect stings and medication.

Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of a mild to moderate allergic reaction can include:

- swelling of the lips, face and eyes
- hives or welts
- tingling in the mouth.

Signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis, a severe allergic reaction, can include:

- difficult/noisy breathing
- swelling of tongue
- difficulty talking and/or hoarse voice
- wheeze or persistent cough
- persistent dizziness or collapse
- student appears pale or floppy

- abdominal pain and/or vomiting.

Symptoms usually develop within ten minutes and up to two hours after exposure to an allergen, but can appear within a few minutes.

Treatment

Adrenaline given as an injection into the muscle of the outer mid-thigh is the first aid treatment for anaphylaxis.

Individuals diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis are prescribed an adrenaline autoinjector for use in an emergency. These adrenaline autoinjectors are designed so that anyone can use them in an emergency.

Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans

All students at Kurnai College who are diagnosed by a medical practitioner as being at risk of suffering from an anaphylactic reaction must have an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan. When notified of an anaphylaxis diagnosis, the Principal of Kurnai College is responsible for developing a plan in consultation with the student's parents/carers.

Where necessary, an Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be in place as soon as practicable after a student enrolls at Kurnai College and where possible, before the student's first day.

Parents and carers must:

- obtain an ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis from the student's medical practitioner and provide a copy to the school as soon as practicable
- immediately inform the school in writing if there is a relevant change in the student's medical condition and obtain an updated ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis
- provide an up-to-date photo of the student for the ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis when that Plan is provided to the school and each time it is reviewed
- provide the school with a current adrenaline autoinjector for the student that has not expired;
- participate in annual reviews of the student's Plan.

Each student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan must include:

- information about the student's medical condition that relates to allergies and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, including the type of allergies the student has
- information about the signs or symptoms the student might exhibit in the event of an allergic reaction based on a written diagnosis from a medical practitioner
- strategies to minimise the risk of exposure to known allergens while the student is under the care or supervision of school staff, including in the school yard, at camps and excursions, or at special events conducted, organised or attended by the school
- the name of the person(s) responsible for implementing the risk minimisation strategies, which have been identified in the Plan
- information about where the student's medication will be stored
- the student's emergency contact details
- an up-to-date ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis completed by the student's medical practitioner.

Review and updates to Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans

A student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be reviewed and updated on an annual basis in consultation with the student's parents/carers. The plan will also be reviewed and, where necessary, updated in the following circumstances:

- as soon as practicable after the student has an anaphylactic reaction at school
- if the student's medical condition, insofar as it relates to allergy and the potential for anaphylactic reaction, changes
- when the student is participating in an off-site activity, including camps and excursions, or at special events including fetes and concerts.

Our school may also consider updating a student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan if there is an identified and significant increase in the student's potential risk of exposure to allergens at school.

Location of plans and adrenaline autoinjectors

Some students keep their adrenaline autoinjectors on their person and others store them elsewhere:

A copy of each student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan will be stored with their ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis which is available to all relevant people via Compass online management system. Whilst some students keep their adrenaline autoinjector on them, medication for those that do not will be stored and labelled with their name relevant Campus First Aid stations, together with adrenaline autoinjectors for general use.

Risk Minimisation Strategies

To reduce the risk of a student suffering from an anaphylactic reaction at Kurnai, we have put in place the following strategies:

- *staff and students are regularly reminded to wash their hands after eating;*
- *students are discouraged from sharing food*
- *garbage bins at school are to remain covered with lids to reduce the risk of attracting insects*
- *gloves must be worn when picking up papers or rubbish in the playground;*
- *school canteen staff are trained in appropriate food handling to reduce the risk of cross-contamination*
- *year groups will be informed of allergens that must be avoided in advance of class parties, events or birthdays*
- *a general use adrenaline autoinjector will be stored at the school canteen, office and in the yard duty bag for ease of access.*
- *Planning for off-site activities will include risk minimisation strategies for students at risk of anaphylaxis including supervision requirements, appropriate number of trained staff, emergency response procedures and other risk controls appropriate to the activity and students attending.*

Adrenaline autoinjectors for general use

Kurnai College will maintain a supply of adrenaline autoinjectors for general use, as a back-up to those provided by parents and carers for specific students, and also for students who may suffer from a first time reaction at school.

Adrenaline autoinjectors for general use will be stored at relevant campus First Aid rooms and labelled "general use".

The Principal is responsible for arranging the purchase of adrenaline autoinjectors for general use, and will consider:

- the number of students enrolled at Example School at risk of anaphylaxis
- the accessibility of adrenaline autoinjectors supplied by parents
- the availability of a sufficient supply of autoinjectors for general use in different locations at the school, as well as at camps, excursions and events
- the limited life span of adrenaline autoinjectors, and the need for general use adrenaline autoinjectors to be replaced when used or prior to expiry
- the weight of the students at risk of anaphylaxis to determine the correct dosage of adrenaline autoinjector/s to purchase.

Emergency Response

In the event of an anaphylactic reaction, the emergency response procedures in this policy must be followed, together with the school's general first aid procedures, emergency response procedures and the student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan.

A complete and up-to-date list of students identified as being at risk of anaphylaxis is maintained by Administration Team at each campus and stored both on Compass and the relevant campus administration server. For camps, excursions and special events, a designated staff member will be responsible for maintaining a list of students at risk of anaphylaxis attending the special event, together with their Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans and adrenaline autoinjectors, where appropriate.

If a student experiences an anaphylactic reaction at school or during a school activity, school staff must:

Step		Action
1.	•	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lay the person flat • Do not allow them to stand or walk • If breathing is difficult, allow them to sit • Be calm and reassuring • Do not leave them alone • Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate the student's adrenaline autoinjector or the school's general use autoinjector, and the student's Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plan, stored online via compass or at relevant administration office. • If the student's plan is not immediately available, or they appear to be experiencing a first time reaction, follow steps 2 to 5
2.		<p>Administer an EpiPen or EpiPen Jr</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove from plastic container • Form a fist around the EpiPen and pull off the blue safety release (cap) • Place orange end against the student's outer mid-thigh (with or without clothing)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Push down hard until a click is heard or felt and hold in place for 3 seconds • Remove EpiPen • Note the time the EpiPen is administered • Retain the used EpiPen to be handed to ambulance paramedics along with the time of administration <p>OR</p> <p>Administer an Anapen® 500, Anapen® 300, or Anapen® Jr.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pull off the black needle shield • Pull off grey safety cap (from the red button) • Place needle end firmly against the student's outer mid-thigh at 90 degrees (with or without clothing) • Press red button so it clicks and hold for 10 seconds • Remove Anapen® • Note the time the Anapen is administered • Retain the used Anapen to be handed to ambulance paramedics along with the time of administration
3.		Call an ambulance (000)
4.		If there is no improvement or severe symptoms progress (as described in the ASCIA Action Plan for Anaphylaxis), further adrenaline doses may be administered every five minutes, if other adrenaline autoinjectors are available.
5.		Contact the student's emergency contacts.

If a student appears to be having a severe allergic reaction but has not been previously diagnosed with an allergy or being at risk of anaphylaxis, school staff should follow steps 2 – 5 as above.

Schools can use either the EpiPen® **and Anapen® on any student** suspected to be experiencing an anaphylactic reaction, regardless of the device prescribed in their ASCIA Action Plan.

Where possible, schools should consider using the correct dose of adrenaline autoinjector depending on the weight of the student. However, in an emergency if there is no other option available, any device should be administered to the student.

Communication Plan

This policy will be available on Kurnai's School website so that parents and other members of the school community can easily access information about Example School's anaphylaxis management procedures. The parents and carers of students who are enrolled at Kurnai and are identified as being at risk of anaphylaxis will also be provided with a copy of this policy.

The Principal is responsible for ensuring that all relevant staff, including casual relief staff, canteen staff and volunteers are aware of this policy and Kurnai procedures for anaphylaxis management. Casual relief staff and volunteers who are responsible for the care and/or supervision of students who are identified as being at risk of anaphylaxis will also receive a verbal briefing on this policy, their role in responding to an anaphylactic reaction and where required, the identity of students at risk.

The Principal is also responsible for ensuring relevant staff are trained and briefed in anaphylaxis management, consistent with the Department's [Anaphylaxis Guidelines](#).

Staff training

Training

The Department has worked with ASCIA to develop the online training course, which is compliant with the Order, for use in all Victorian schools (government, Catholic and independent).

Completion of the online training course alone is **not** sufficient to meet the requirements of the Order. An appropriately qualified supervisor will also need to assess a person's competency in the administration of an adrenaline autoinjector.

At the end of the online training course, participants who have passed the assessment module, will be issued a certificate which needs to be signed by the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor to indicate that the participant has demonstrated their competency in using an adrenaline autoinjector device.

School staff that complete the online training course will be required to repeat that training and the adrenaline autoinjector competency assessment **every two years**.

To access the *ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training for Victorian Schools* go to:

<https://etrainingvic.allergy.org.au/>

Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Accreditation
All school staff	ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training for Victorian Schools followed by a competency check by the School Anaphylaxis Supervisor	ASCIA	Free to all schools	2 years

Competency Check for Online Training Course

The principal must identify **two school staff** to become School Anaphylaxis Supervisors. These staff may include a school-funded school nurse, first aider or other health and wellbeing staff, or senior teachers. A key role of the Supervisors will be to undertake competency checks on all staff that have successfully completed the online training course. These competency checks need to be undertaken by the Supervisor within 30 days of a relevant member of the school staff completing the online training course.

To qualify as a School Anaphylaxis Supervisor, the nominated staff member(s) will need to complete an accredited short course that teaches them how to conduct a competency check on those who have completed the online training course.

The Asthma Foundation has been contracted by the Department to deliver training in the *Course in Verifying the Use of Adrenaline Autoinjector Devices 22303VIC* in 2016. Schools will be notified of

training sessions scheduled across Victoria and asked to register **two staff** per school or campus to attend. Training in this course is current for three years.

Registration for the *Course in Verifying the Correct Use of Adrenaline Autoinjector Devices 22303VIC* can be accessed from the Asthma Foundation by phone 1300 314 806 or by visiting:

www.asthma.org.au

Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Accreditation
2 staff per school or per campus (School Anaphylaxis Supervisor)	Course in Verifying the Correct Use of Adrenaline Autoinjector Devices 22303VIC	Asthma Foundation	Free from the Asthma Foundation (for government schools)	3 years

School Anaphylaxis Supervisor Role

Each Supervisor will:

- ensure they have currency in the *Course in Verifying the Correct Use of Adrenaline Autoinjector Devices 22303VIC* (every 3 years) and the *ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training for Victorian Schools* (every 2 years)
- ensure that they provide the principal with documentary evidence of currency in the above courses
- assess and confirm the correct use of adrenaline autoinjector (trainer) devices by other school staff undertaking the *ASCIA Anaphylaxis e-training for Victorian Schools*
- send periodic reminders to staff or information to new staff about anaphylaxis training requirements and liaise with the principal to ensure records of the anaphylaxis training undertaken by all school staff are stored on-site at the school
- provide access to the adrenaline autoinjector (trainer) device for practice use by school staff
- provide regular advice and guidance to school staff about allergy and anaphylaxis management in the school as required
- liaise with parents or guardians (and, where appropriate, the student) to manage and implement Individual Anaphylaxis Management Plans
- liaise with parents or guardians (and, where appropriate, the student) regarding relevant medications within the school
- lead the twice-yearly anaphylaxis school briefing
- develop school-specific scenarios to be discussed at the twice-yearly briefing to familiarise staff with responding to an emergency situation requiring anaphylaxis treatment; for example:
 - a bee sting occurs on school grounds and the allergic student is conscious
 - an allergic reaction where the student has collapsed on school grounds and the student is not conscious.
- develop similar scenarios for when staff are demonstrating the correct use of the adrenaline autoinjector (trainer) device.

Annual risk management checklist

The principal will complete an annual Risk Management Checklist as published by the Department of Education and Training to monitor compliance with their obligations. The annual checklist is

designed to step schools through each area of their responsibilities in relation to the management of anaphylaxis in schools.

COMMUNICATION

This policy will be communicated to our school community in the following ways

- Available publicly on our school’s website
- Included in staff induction and child safety training processes
- Discussed at staff briefings/meetings as required
- Included in our staff handbook/manual
- Discussed at parent information nights/sessions

POLICY REVIEW AND APPROVAL

Policy last reviewed	09/05/2023
Consultation	Through School Council
Approved by	Principal
Next scheduled review date	Term 2 - 2026

The Principal will complete the Department’s Annual Risk Management Checklist for anaphylaxis management to assist with the evaluation and review of this policy and the support provided to students at risk of anaphylaxis.